## AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED

 $30^{TH}$  JUNE 2022



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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED $30^{\text{TH}}$ JUNE 2022

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CARONI (1975) LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Caroni (1975) Limited which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30th June 2022, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and incorporating summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as stated on pages 5 to 19.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 30th June 2022 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion

We draw your attention to the Statement of Financial Position where Unrelieved Losses reflect a balance of \$(162,565,935) at year end 30th June 2022. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern is based on its ability to continue to obtain financing from its primary shareholder, in the form of annual subventions per budgetary allocations of the Ministry of Finance, Trinidad & Tobago.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ➤ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- > Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- > Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

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### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Dobtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Maharaj Mohammed & Co.

Makare, Mohammed & Co

Chartered Accountants

Trinidad & Tobago

8<sup>th</sup> August 2024

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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT $30^{\text{TH}}$ JUNE 2022

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ASSETS	Notes	2022 \$	Restated 2021
Current assets			
Cash and bank balances Accounts receivable and prepayments Amounts due from related parties	3 4 5	8,354,916 7,682,324 	12,867,528 7,429,558 9,784
Total current assets		16,042,532	20,306,870
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment Investments - available for sale	6 7	486,495 200	549,348 <u>200</u>
Total non-current assets		486,695	549,548
Total Assets		16,529,227	20,856,418
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' Equity			
Stated capital Unrelieved losses	9	177,287,760 ( <u>162,565,935</u> )	177,287,760 ( <u>158,510,588</u> )
Total shareholders' deficiency		14,721,825	18,777,172
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals Taxation payable	8	1,715,850 907	1,995,990 
Total current liabilities		1,716,757	1,998,240
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liability	10	90,645	<u>81,006</u>
Total non-current liabilities		90,645	81,006
Total Liabilities		1,807,402	2,079,246
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		16,529,227	20,856,418

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on 8<sup>th</sup> August, 2024. The accompanying notes on pages 9 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Naterila Barry

:Director

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:Director

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# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED $30^{\mathrm{TH}}$ JUNE 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Revenue		Ψ	Ψ
Government subventions Interest Rent and sundry		2,895,000 17,039 30,264	3,015,000 38,040 36,425
		2,942,303	<u>3,089,465</u>
Expenditure			
Administrative and other Interest and bank charges		7,165,046 108,116 7,273,162	8,559,862 108,424 8,668,286
Loss from operations		(4,330,859)	(5,578,821)
Other Income	12	285,633	2,249,396
Loss before taxation		(4,045,226)	(3,329,425)
Taxation (charge) / benefit	11	(10,121)	11,910
Net loss for the year		( <u>4,055,347</u> )	<u>(3,317,515</u> )

The accompanying notes on pages 9 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED $30^{\mathrm{TH}}$ JUNE 2022

	Note	Stated Capital	Retained Earnings	Total	
		\$	\$	\$	
Balance at 1 <sup>st</sup> July 2021		177,287,760	(158,510,588)	18,777,172	
Loss for the year		<del>-</del>	_(4,055,347)	(4,055,347)	
Balance at 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2022		177,287,760	(162,565,935)	14,721,825	
Balance at 1st July 2020		177,287,760	(186,221,062)	(8,933,302)	
Prior period adjustment	17	-	31,027,989	31,027,989	
Restated balance as at 1st July 2020		177,287,760	(155,193,073)	22,094,687	
Loss for the year			(3,317,515)	(3,317,515)	
Balance at 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2021		<u>177,287,760</u>	( <u>158,510,588</u> )	18,777,172	

The accompanying notes on pages 9 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED $30^{\mathrm{TH}}$ JUNE 2022

Operating Activities	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Operating loss before taxation		(4,045,226)	(3,329,425)
Adjustments for:			
Loss on disposal of property plant and equipment Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		83,765	52,683 97,237
Movements in working capital		(3,961,461)	(3,179,505)
(Increase) / decrease in accounts receivable and prepaymore Decrease in amounts due by related parties Decrease in accounts payable and accruals	ents	(252,766) 4,492 (280,140)	133,961 1,967 (2,124,395)
Cash used in operating activities		(4,489,875)	(5,167,972)
Taxation paid		(1,825)	2,007
Net cash used in operating activities		(4,491,700)	(5,165,965)
Investing Activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(20,912)	( <u>31,162</u> )
Cash used in investing activities		(20,912)	(31,162)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(4,512,612)	( <u>5,197,127</u> )
Cash and cash equivalents			
<ul><li>at the beginning of the year</li><li>at the end of the year</li></ul>	3	12,867,528 8,354,916	18,064,655 12,867,528
		( <u>4,512,612</u> )	( <u>5,197,127</u> )

The accompanying notes on pages 9 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2022

#### 1. Incorporation and principal activities

Caroni (1975) Limited was incorporated in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago on 26th March 1975 and continued on 7th April 1998. Its registered office is situated at Light Pole 11, Brechin Castle Couva. The shareholders of the company are the Minister of Finance as Corporation Sole, with one share held by a nominee, on behalf of the Minister of Finance as Corporation Sole.

In July 2003, the company was re-structured with its sugar production and refining operations being transferred to the Sugar Manufacturing Company Limited (SMCL), its rum production being transferred to the Rum Distillers Company of Trinidad and Tobago (RDTT) and other activities to the Ministry of Agriculture, Lands and Fisheries and other state-owned organizations.

On 1st June 2006, the Caroni and Orange Grove National Company Limited (Divestment) Act 2005 became effective. This Act provided for the operational undertakings of Caroni (1975) Limited be transferred to another company and the vesting of the real estate holdings of Caroni (1975) Limited to the Government of Trinidad & Tobago (GOTT) for the sum of one (\$1.00) dollar.

Presently, the company remains a non-trading entity managing the company's day to day operations on behalf of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago (GOVTT). The company also provides support to the former employees with respect to the agreed terms and conditions of the VSEP commitments. In this regard, the company receives subvention from the GOVTT to meet these obligations.

The company's main initiatives at present are:

- Managing land distribution and leases to beneficiaries of residential service lots
- Co-ordinate with the Commissioner of State Lands (COSL) and Estate Management Development Company Limited (EMBD) to ensure delivery of the agricultural plots.
- Attendance to matters pertinent to former employees, trade unions and other parties as well as obligations related to the Voluntary Separation of Employment Program (VSEP) and other past employment.
- Technical support to relevant government ministries and committees.
- Safeguarding of assets of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2022

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements are expressed in Trinidad and Tobago dollars and have been prepared under the historical cost convention in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### (b) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (c) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Trinidad and Tobago dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Current assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Profits and losses arising are dealt with in the statement of income.

#### (d) Revenue

Revenue is recognized on the receipt of government subventions throughout the financial year, on a cash receipts basis, per allocation from Ministry of Finance. Interest, rent and other income are recognized on the accrual basis.

#### (e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and bank balances and overdrafts that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

#### (f) Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. All collections from sales are expected in one year or less and are classified as current assets.

Accounts receivable are initially recognized at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at cost less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of accounts receivable is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to recover all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2022

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (g) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost/valuation and are being depreciated on the reducing balance basis, at varying rates which are sufficient to write-off the cost/valuation of the assets over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture and fixtures	10%
Machinery and equipment	10%
Motor vehicles	25%
Computer equipment	25%

#### (h) Accounts payable

Accounts payable are obligations on the basis of normal credit terms and do not bear interest.

#### (i) Deferred taxation

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and the liabilities measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the enacted tax rate at the balance sheet date.

#### (j) Taxation

The company is subject to corporation tax based on the stipulated rate for the respective year of income, in addition to Green Fund Levy at the rate of 0.3% of gross revenue.

#### (k) Investments – Available for sale

Investments are initially recognized at cost, calculated to include transaction costs on acquisition of the new investment.

After initial recognition, the investments which are classified as 'Available for Sale' are measured at fair value, with unrealized gains or losses recorded in the Investment Reserve Account. Gains and losses arising from subsequent disposal or impairment of these investments are recognized in the statement of income.

For actively-traded investments, fair value is determined by reference to Stock Exchange quoted market prices at the balance sheet date, adjusted for transaction cost necessary to realize the investment. For investments where there is no quoted market price, the carrying value is deemed to approximate fair value.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2022

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### (l) Comparatives

Where applicable comparative balances have been re-stated to conform to changes in accounting standards and disclosure presentation in the current year.

#### 3. Cash and bank balances

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and balances with banks. Cash and cash equivalents included in the statement of cash flows comprise the following statement of financial position amounts:

	manda position amounts,	<b>2022</b> \$	2021 \$
	Cash on hand	1,290	7,000
	Bank balances	8,353,626	12,860,528
		<u>8,354,916</u>	12,867,528
4.	Accounts receivable and prepayments	2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Trade receivables	68,394	34,347
	Prepayments Value Added Tax and other	30,233 7,583,697	30,240 7,364,971
	varue Added Tax and other		
		<u>7,682,324</u>	<u>7,429,558</u>
5.	Amounts due from related parties	2022 \$	2021 \$
	a) Amounts due from related parties	<u>5,292</u>	<u>9,784</u>

The transactions conducted with related parties were carried out on commercial terms and conditions at market rates.

b) The company had related party transactions during	the year as follows:	
Sales to related parties	-	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED $30^{\text{TH}}$ JUNE 2022

## 6. Property, plant and equipment

YEAR ENDED 2022	Furniture & Fittings \$	Machinery & Equipment \$	Computer Equipment \$	Total
Cost	J)	<b>J</b>	Þ	\$
Beginning of the year Additions Disposals	127,846 - 	650,588 19,653	509,812 1,259	1,288,246 20,912
End of the year	127,846	670,241	511,071	1,309,158
Accumulated depreciation	n			
Beginning of the year Charge for the year	74,968 _5,288	291,387 _44,080	372,543 34,397	738,898 83,765
End of the year	<u>80,256</u>	335,467	406,940	822,663
Net book value 2022	47,590	334,774	104,131	486,495
YEAR ENDED 2021				
Cost				
Beginning of the year Additions Disposals	127,846	763,292 10,046 ( <u>122,750</u> )	537,396 21,116 (48,700)	1,428,534 31,162 (171,450)
End of the year	127,846	650,588	509,812	1,288,246
Accumulated depreciation	n			
Beginning of the year Disposals Charge for the year	69,093 - _5,875	318,074 (72,175) <u>45,488</u>	373,261 (46,592) <u>45,874</u>	760,428 (118,767) _97,237
End of the year	<u>74,968</u>	<u>291,387</u>	372,543	738,898
Net book value 2021	52,878	359,201	137,269	549,348

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED $30^{\mathrm{TH}}$ JUNE 2022

#### 7. Investments - available for sale

	2022	2021	
	\$	\$	
Opening balance	200	200	
Addition / (disposal) of shares			
Closing balance	<u>200</u>	<u>200</u>	

Shares held in Co-operative Citrus Growers Association have been maintained at book value in the absence of market value (fair value) information.

8.	Accounts payable and accruals	2022 \$	2021 \$
	Trade payables Accruals Deposits on residential properties Other payables	34,219 810,082 310,100 	119,003 760,005 384,900 732,082
		<u>1,715,850</u>	<u>1,995,990</u>

9.	Stated capital	2022	2021
	Authorised	\$	\$
	300,000,000 ordinary shares		
	Issued		
	177,287,760 ordinary shares	177,287,760	177,287,760

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED $30^{\text{TH}}$ JUNE 2022

10	. De	ferred taxation	2022	2021
		conciliation between accounting income and cation charge	\$	\$
		counting loss ms disallowed	(4,215,859) ( <u>2,909,070</u> )	(3,329,425) ( <u>3,012,140</u> )
	All	owable losses for the year	(7,124,929)	(6,341,565)
	All	owable losses brought forward	( <u>6,159,365,060</u> )	( <u>6,153,023,495</u> )
	All	owable losses carried forward	( <u>6,166,489,989</u> )	(6,159,365,060)
	(i)	Deferred Tax Asset		
		Taxable losses	6,166,489,989	6,159,365,060
		Deferred tax asset @ 30%	1,849,946,997	1,847,809,518
		Note: Due to the cessation of trading in the for not been recorded in the accounts as it is deem	reseeable future, the det ned unrecoverable in the	ferred tax asset has a long term.
	(ii)	Deferred Tax Liability		
		Net book value per accounting records	486,495	549,348
		Tax written down value	(184,347)	(279,329)
		Temporary differences	302,148	270,019
		Deferred tax liability @ 30%	<u>90,645</u>	<u>81,006</u>
		Deferred tax (charge)/ benefit (Note 12)	( <u>9,638</u> )	<u>12,367</u>
11.	Tax	ation	2022	2024
		ation charge for the year	2022 \$	2021 \$
	Gree	iness levy - current year en Fund levy - current year erred tax (charge) / benefit (Note 10)	(322) (161) ( <u>9,638</u> )	(152) (305) <u>12,367</u>
			<u>10,121</u>	<u>11,910</u>

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2022

12.	Other Income	2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Sugar Heritage & Village Museum written off	-	982,990
	St. Madeleine Credit Union provision claim written off	-	839,015
	Reduction in VSEP/ Severance provision	170,633	417,942
	Reduction in accrual for legal fees	115,000	-
	Stale dated cheques written off	<del></del>	9,449
		285,633	2,249,396

This amount represents balances written off during the period. These amounts were reviewed by management and are no longer consider an obligation to the company.

13.	Employees	2022	2021
	The number of employees at year end	<u>29</u>	31

#### 14. Going concern

We draw your attention to the Statement of Financial Position where Unrelieved Losses reflect a balance of \$(162,565,935) at year end 30th June 2022. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern is based on its ability to continue to obtain financing from its primary shareholder, in the form of annual subventions per budgetary allocations of the Ministry of Finance, Trinidad & Tobago.

#### 15. Impact of Covid-19

In May 2023, the head of the UN World Health Organization (WHO) declared an end to COVID-19 as a public health emergency. Management has considered the consequences of Covid-19 and other events and conditions, and it has determined that they do not create a material uncertainty that casts significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2022

#### 17. Prior Period Adjustment

#### Accounts payable and accruals

Previously included under Accounts payable and accruals in the Statement of Financial Position, for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2021 was an amount of \$32,167,475, which represented deposits received from tenants for the purchase of land, prior to 2003 and deposits received by individuals who were squatting on lands belonging to Caroni (1975) Limited under the Spontaneous Settlement Programme. These monies were used for development works on the assigned land lots. In June 2006, under the Caroni (1975) Limited and Orange Grove National Company Limited (Divestment) Act No.25 of 2005, all of Caroni's former land holdings were transferred to the State under the Commissioner of State Lands. As a result, the land asset was transferred from the books of Caroni, and the records sent to Commissioner of State Lands Department – Ministry of Agriculture, Land and Fisheries.

The accounting entries required to book the transfer of the land obligation however, were not accurately completed in the accounts of Caroni (1975) Ltd in 2006. While entries were booked for the transfer of the land, the liability in the sum of \$32Mn for land sales deposit remained in the books of Caroni as at June 30<sup>th</sup> 2006. Based on discussions between management and the Auditors, we are of the opinion that the liability should have been removed from the books of Caroni at the time the assets were transferred to the State. In this regard, the financial statements for the year ended June 30<sup>th</sup> 2021 were restated to reflect the removal of the \$32Mn liability.

#### **Taxation**

Previously included in the Statement of Financial position were amounts for taxation recoverable of \$2,285,012 and taxation payable of \$1,145,526. These amounts represented balances accumulated in the accounts for periods prior to 2012. Based on correspondence received, the Board of Inland Revenue has confirmed that Caroni (1975) Limited has satisfied all obligations of the law in relation to the taxes on income or profits. In this regard the balances were reviewed by management and are no longer considered an obligation to the company.

In order to correct these transactions, the adjustments have been made to the prior period balances. The impact of the correction is as follows:

Statement of Financial Position Current assets	As at June 30 <sup>th</sup> 2020 <b>\$</b>	Impact of Prior Period Adjustment \$	As at July 1 <sup>st</sup> 2020 \$
Taxation recoverable	2,285,012	(2,285,012)	-
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accruals Taxation payable	(34,163,465) (1,145,526)	32,167,475 	(1,995,990)
Shareholder's Equity Retained earnings	( <u>33,023,979</u> ) ( <u>186,221,062</u> )	31,027,989 31,027,989	( <u>1,995,990</u> ) ( <u>155,193,073</u> )

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2022

## 18. Restatement of financial results for the year ended 30th June 2021

The Company has restated its previously reported Statement of Financial Position, for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2021. The impact of the correction is as follows:

- To adjust overstated accounts payable and accrual balances by \$32,167,475, following the reassessment of its obligations to land applicants as at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2006.
- To correct taxation recoverable of \$2,285,012 and taxation payable of \$1,145,526 satisfied in prior periods.

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2021

ASSETS Current assets	Auditors Re-stated \$	As previously Reported \$	Impact of Restatement \$
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable and prepayments Amounts due from related parties Taxation recoverable Total current assets	12,867,528 7,429,558 9,784 	12,867,528 7,429,558 9,784 _2,285,012 _22,591,882	(2,285,012)
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investments - available for sale Total non-current assets	549,348	$   \begin{array}{r}     549,348 \\     \hline     200 \\     \hline     549,548   \end{array} $	-
Total Assets	20,856,418	23,141,430	(2,285,012)
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LI Shareholders' Equity Stated capital Unrelieved losses Total shareholders' equity	177,287,760 ( <u>158,510,588</u> )	177,287,760 ( <u>189,538,577</u> )	31,027,989
Non- current liabilities Deferred tax liability  Current liabilities	81,006 81,006	(12,250,817) <u>81,006</u> <u>81,006</u>	31,027,989
Accounts payable and accruals Taxation payable Total current liabilities	1,995,990	34,163,465 1,147,776 35,311,241	(32,167,475) (1,145,526) (33,313,001)
Total Equity and Link 1944	2,079,246	35,392,247	(33,313,001)
Total Equity and Liabilities	<u>20,856,418</u>	<u>23,141,430</u>	( <u>2,285,012</u> )

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2022

#### 19. Commitment to former Employees of Caroni (1975) Limited

In 2007 Government agreed to authorize the Commissioner of State Lands to lease to Caroni (1975) Limited twenty-two estates prescribed in the Caroni (1975) and Orange Grove Vesting Act 25 of 2005, as well as five estates identified by Caroni and Estate Management Business Development Company limited to allow Caroni to discharge the commitment of Government and Caroni to offer for priority consideration residential lots to eligible former employees of Caroni. The Company entered into three (3) Principal Headleases agreement with the State allowing them to issue underleases of the said residential lots to the former employees within an accelerated timeframe.

Caroni is acting as administrator for the residential leases; as stated in paragraphs 3.3, 3.11 and 3.13 of the Certified Copy of Protocol of Deeds No. DE 201301308886. In this regard the company does not have any right to use these State lands. The company will not derive any future economic benefit from the lease.

When the exercise is deemed completed, the Company agrees to surrender to the State, the Demised Lands subject to the underleases of the residential lots upon issuance of the underleases. The completion of this exercise is dependent on decisions being made by Government and other State Enterprises.

Based on the above, it was not necessary to disclose in the Company's Financial Statements the land assets in relation to the Leases agreement with the State.

# SCHEDULE TO THE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED $30^{\rm TH}$ JUNE 2022

I.	Administrative and other expenses	2022	2021
		\$	\$
	Advertising	_	1,688
	Audit fees	173,795	104,500
	Depreciation	83,765	97,237
	Bad debts written off	-	378,635
	Directors' remuneration	207,871	135,000
	Entertainment	7,278	7,450
	Ex-gratia payments	-	529,922
	Expenses – prior year	109	1,984
	Health and safety	4,690	927
	Insurance	59,695	60,643
	Legal and professional fees	136,913	149,709
	Loss on disposal of property plant and equipment	-	52,683
	Office expenses	71,033	48,844
	Rental - motor vehicle and equipment	395,940	408,059
	Repairs and maintenance	296,507	324,308
	Residential lot development	110,946	278,199
	Salaries and employee benefits	3,990,712	4,212,127
	Security	485,100	486,000
	Sugar Heritage Village and Museum - expenses	<u>-</u>	67,277
	Transport	43,359	27,559
	Utilities	1,097,333	1,187,111
		<u>7,165,046</u>	<u>8,559,862</u>